1. Describe the three roles a forensic psychologist can play as an expert witness (i.e. philosopher/advocate, hired gun, conduit-educator) and describe advantages or disadvantages to each.

2. Distinguish between a fact witness and an expert witness.

3. Who may serve as an expert witness?

4. Distinguish between qualifying as an expert witness and admissibility of expert witness testimony.

5. Name and define the standards used to determine admissibility of expert testimony.

6. What are the penultimate issue and the ultimate issue? What is the APA’s position on psychologists testifying as to the ultimate issue? What are arguments for and against testifying on the ultimate issue?

7. What are the three critical elements necessary for expert witness testimony?

8. What is meant by reliability and what are the four standards of reliability defined by the Supreme Court?

9. Describe good-faith immunity laws and the function of these laws. Which states have adopted good-faith laws?

10. Be able to describe the following court decisions:
   - Kumbo Tire Co. v. Carmichael (1999)
   - Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals (1993)
   - Frye v. United States (1923)

11. What is the Dusky standard?

12. Describe the Federal Rules of Evidence. What are dual relationships and the ethical concerns regarding dual relationships?

13. What are some of the ethical differences between psychology and law?